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REG. 2. *Yards to be fenced in.*—Yards shall be inclosed by a suitable and properly constructed fence, so as to prevent animals from roaming at large.

REG. 3. *Yards to be kept clean.*—Yards shall be properly graded and drained and shall be kept clean and sanitary at all times.

**Cows—Keeping of—Stables. (Reg. Dept. of Health, Mar. 30, 1915.)**

Regulations of the department of health of the city of New York, adopted March 30, 1915, effective April 1, 1915, relating to section 12 of the Sanitary Code, which provides as follows:

SEC. 12. *Keeping of cows regulated.*—No cows shall be kept in the city of New York without a permit issued therefor by the board of health or otherwise than in accordance with the terms of the said permit and with the regulations of said board.

**REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE KEEPING OF COWS AND COW STABLES WITHIN THE CITY OF NEW YORK WHERE MILK IS PRODUCED AND PREPARED FOR SALE WITHIN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.**

REGULATION 1. *Construction of floors.*—Floors of all cow stables must be constructed throughout of cement and must be so graded as to discharge all drainage into properly trapped sewer-connected drains. Where no sewer is provided the drains must discharge into properly constructed cesspools. The floor opening of each drain shall be covered by a suitable metal strainer.

REG. 2. *Construction of gutters.*—All manure gutters shall have a depth of at least 6 inches at all points, and shall be constructed of cement and properly graded and drained.

REG. 3. *Floors and spaces behind cows.*—In all stables which are so constructed that the cows stand tail to tail, there shall be a space of at least 6 feet between the nearest edges of the opposite manure gutters. The floors and all of the spaces behind the cows shall be at least as high as the floors of the cow beds.

REG. 4. *Cow beds.*—The cow beds shall be constructed of such a length that all excreta will naturally fall into the gutters.

REG. 5. *Flushing of floors and cow beds.*—All floors and cow beds must be flushed with water at least once each day, and must at all times be kept in a cleanly condition.

REG. 6. *Construction of walls and ceilings.*—The walls and ceilings must be smoothly finished to prevent the collection of dust and dirt.

REG. 7. *Whitewashing or painting of walls, ceilings, and ledges.*—The walls, ceilings, and ledges must be properly whitewashed, or painted with some light-colored waterproof paint, or else constructed of smooth cement or other similar material. They shall at all times be kept clean and free from dust, dirt, and cobwebs. In all stables hereafter constructed the ceiling, sidewalls, and other woodwork shall be built of dressed material.

REG. 8. *Size of stable.*—The stable shall be of sufficient size to provide 600 cubic feet of air space for each cow. There shall be at least 4 square feet of window light for each 600 cubic feet of air space, and the windows shall be so situated as to afford an equal distribution of light throughout the entire stable.

REG. 9. *Window panes to be kept clean.*—The window panes must be kept clean.

REG. 10. *Adequate means of ventilation to be provided.*—The stable shall be provided with adequate means of ventilation of an approved automatic or gravity system, allowing 30 square inches of intake flues per 600 cubic feet of air space, and at least 40 square inches of outlet flues per 600 cubic feet of air space.

REG. 11. *Ventilation.*—The ventilation of the stable must be such that the air will be kept fresh and sweet.

REG. 12. *Interior constructions of wood prohibited.*—In all stables hereafter constructed, or buildings altered to be used as stables, there shall be no interior construc-

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tion of wood other than the walls and ceilings. All stanchions, racks, and supports must be of smooth round metal.

REG. 13. *Water supply.*—All stables shall be provided with a suitable water supply, conveniently located and sufficient for all purposes.

REG. 14. *Rubbish, refuse not to accumulate.*—No rubbish, refuse, or material foreign to its proper maintenance shall be kept or allowed to remain in a cow stable.

REG. 15. *Disposal of liquid excreta.*—All liquid excreta shall be discharged through a proper connection into a sewer or properly constructed cesspool, or must be absorbed by some suitable material.

REG. 16. *Removal of manure.*—Manure must be removed from the stable as often as may be necessary, to prevent the creation of a nuisance or the discharge of offensive odors. Upon its removal from the stable, manure must be immediately taken from the premises or else stored in boxes provided for that purpose and must be removed from such boxes daily.

REG. 17. *Construction of manure boxes.*—Manure boxes constructed of cement and furnished with closely fitting metal-lined covers shall be provided of sufficient capacity for the needs of the stable.

REG. 18. *Storing of brewers' grains.*—Whenever wet brewers' grains are used for feeding cattle, such grains must be kept in cement boxes or pits. The floors of such grain pits must be so graded as to discharge drainage into properly trapped drains that are connected with a sewer or cesspool. The doors of all grain pits must be tight fitting, and lined with sheet metal on the inside. There shall be no direct opening from a grain pit to the stable.

REG. 19. *Surface of ground in front of grain pits to be covered.*—The surface of the ground in front of all grain pits and manure boxes must be covered with cement over a stone foundation for a space of at least 15 feet wide and 20 feet long. This surface must be so graded as to discharge all drainage into a centrally located, properly trapped sewer, or cesspool connected drain.

REG. 20. *Stable barnyards to be provided.*—Connected with all stables in which milk is produced for sale in New York City there shall be suitable barnyards or exercise paddocks, and except during extremely inclement weather the cows shall be turned out of the stable for exercise at least three hours each day.

REG. 21. *Premises surrounding stable.*—The premises surrounding the stable and milk house shall be so graded as to prevent the accumulation of surface water and shall be maintained in a clean and dry condition, and free from rubbish, garbage, or other objectionable matter.

REG. 22. *Saturated ground, cesspool, manure pit, and hogpen.*—No stagnant water, soggy or water or sewer saturated ground, uncovered cesspool, or uncovered manure pit shall be maintained on the premises, or adjacent thereto, nor shall any hogpen be maintained within 50 feet of any cow stable or milk house.

REG. 23. *Location of privy.*—No privy shall be maintained within 50 feet of a cow stable or milk house. All privies on premises shall be constructed with water-tight vaults. All seats of privies shall be provided with automatically closing tight covers. All privies must be maintained in a clean and sanitary condition at all times.

REG. 24. *Wagons used for transportation of manure.*—All wagons used for the transportation of manure and brewers' grain shall, if kept on the dairy premises, be maintained in a cleanly condition, and shall be kept covered with clean and suitable canvas or tarpaulin.

REG. 25. *Animals other than cows to be excluded from stable.*—All animals other than cows shall be excluded from the stable and no part of the stable shall be used for living or domestic purposes or human habitation.

REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE KEEPING OF COWS WITHIN THE CITY OF NEW YORK  
FOR DOMESTIC PURPOSES ONLY.

REGULATION 1. *Construction of floors of cow stables.*—Floors of all cow stables must be constructed of some nonabsorbent material, and shall be so graded as to discharge all drainage into properly trapped sewer-connected drains. Where no sewer is provided, the drains must discharge into properly connected cesspools. The floor opening of each drain shall be covered by a suitable metal strainer.

REG. 2. *Floors and cow beds.*—All floors and cow beds must be kept clean and sanitary at all times.

REG. 3. *Adequate light to be provided.*—Every stable shall be adequately lighted by natural or artificial means.

REG. 4. *Adequate ventilation to be provided.*—Every stable shall be adequately ventilated to the external air by means of windows or other openings.

REG. 5. *Walls and ceilings.*—Walls and ceilings must be smooth and kept clean and sanitary.

REG. 6. *Size of stable.*—Stable shall be of sufficient size to provide 600 cubic feet of air space for each cow.

REG. 7. *Disposal of liquid excreta.*—All liquid excreta must be discharged through a proper connection into a sewer or properly constructed cesspool, or must be absorbed by some suitable material.

REG. 8. *Removal of manure.*—Manure must be removed from the stable as often as may be necessary to prevent the creation of a nuisance or the discharge of offensive odors.

REG. 9. *Disposal of manure.*—Upon its removal from the stable, manure must be immediately taken from the premises or stored in boxes provided for that purpose, and removed from such boxes daily.

REG. 10. *Construction of manure boxes.*—Manure boxes constructed of cement and furnished with closely fitting metal lined covers shall be provided of sufficient capacity for the needs of the stable.

REG. 11. *Stable not to cause a nuisance.*—Every stable shall be maintained so as not to cause a nuisance or permit of the breeding of flies.

**Birds and Small Animals—Keeping, for Sale. (Reg. Dept. of Health, Mar. 30, 1915.)**

Regulations of the department of health of the city of New York, adopted March 30, 1915, effective April 1, 1915, relating to section 18 of the Sanitary Code, which provides as follows:

SEC. 18. *Sale of small animals regulated.*—No person shall sell or keep for sale at any place in the city of New York any dogs, cats, birds, or other small animals, without a permit therefor issued by the board of health, or otherwise than in accordance with the terms of said permit and with the regulations of said board.

REGULATION 1. *Application to specify kinds of birds or small animals.*—The application shall specify the kind or kinds of small animals for the sale of which a permit is desired.

REG. 2. *Light and ventilation.*—The premises where the small animals are to be kept shall be properly and adequately ventilated to the external air and provided with sufficient natural light.

REG. 3. *Sink and drainage.*—An adequately flushed, properly trapped, sewer or cesspool connected sink, readily accessible to the portion or portions of premises in which the small animals are kept, shall be provided.

REG. 4. *Cages.*—Cages in which birds or other small animals are kept shall be constructed of wire with metal floor, provided, however, cages in which dogs are kept the floors thereof may be of tight wood construction, covered with an adequate amount